[NEWS]



The use of a robotic pourer to assess beer quality could present a reliable and accurate alternative to trained sensory panels. © rez-art/iStock/Thinkstock

Assessing beer quality robotically

B eer's sensory attributes are directly linked to perceived foamrelated parameters and beer color. In a study published in the *Journal of Food Science*, researchers used machine learning modeling to develop an objective predictive model that assessed the intensity levels of sensory descriptors in beer, using the physical measurements of color and foam-related parameters.

Using a robotic pourer (RoboBEER), the researchers obtained 15 color and foam-related parameters from 22 different commercial beer samples. To assess the intensity of 10 beer descriptors, they conducted a sensory session with trained panelists using quantitative descriptive analysis. The results showed that the principal component analysis explained 64% of data variability with correlations found between foam-related descriptors from sensory and RoboBEER, such as the positive and significant correlation between carbon dioxide and carbonation mouthfeel, correlation of viscosity to sensory, and maximum volume of foam and total lifetime of foam.

Using the RoboBEER parameters as inputs, an artificial neural network (ANN) regression model showed high correlation to predict the intensity levels of 10 related sensory descriptors, including yeast, grains, and hops aromas; hops flavor; bitter, sour, and sweet tastes; and viscosity, carbonation, and astringency.

The researchers concluded that using RoboBEER to assess beer

quality was "a reliable, objective, accurate, and less time-consuming method to predict sensory descriptors compared to trained sensory panels. Hence, this method could be useful as a rapid screening procedure to evaluate beer quality at the end of the production line for industry applications."

Visit bit.ly/2vzZphw to read the abstract.

No crunch for **breakfast** cereals market

The global breakfast cereal market is expected to reach just over \$54.3 billion by 2025, progressing at a compound annual growth rate of 4.3% during the forecast period, according to a new report by Grand View Research. The growing adoption of convenience foods and a rise in health consciousness will likely augment the demand for breakfast cereals over the forecast period.

Among the items stoking market growth is the surging interest in onthe-go breakfast options such as biscuits and cereal bars. In addition, the expanding base of health-conscious consumers focused on reducing calorie intake by replacing traditional breakfast options with breakfast cereals is providing a positive influence, as is a rise in vegetarianism.

With increasing demand for breakfast cereals, manufacturers are adopting newer technologies and equipment to enhance the shelf life of products. Innovative enzyme technologies and bioprocessing, coupled with high-pressure processing technology, are being utilized to improve the overall safety, quality, and nutritional traits of oats-based foods. »»

[NEWS]

News Bites

• American Egg Board's 2018 Incredible Breakfast Trends will be interviewing nationally acclaimed chefs to learn how they bring a breakfast trend to life on their menu.

• Cargill is investing \$20 million to expand its Big Lake, Minn., egg processing facility, including capabilities to pasteurize, mix, and cook egg products for foodservice and protein ingredient customers.

• Givaudan, an international leader in flavors and fragrances, has entered into an agreement to acquire 40.6% of the shares of **Naturex**, a leader in natural ingredients.

• The **Hershey Co.** announced Cocoa For Good, its holistic cocoa sustainability strategy, designed to address the most pressing issues facing cocoa-growing communities through collaborative programs, partnerships, and investment, including a half-billion-dollar commitment by 2030.

• The J. M. Smucker Co. has signed a definitive agreement to acquire Ainsworth Pet Nutrition.

• Kemin Industries announced the launch of a new Kemin Animal Nutrition and Health division, AquaKulture.

• Lampados International has completed a plant expansion for the production of *Liteez*, a vegan, 3-D meringue kiss sweetener for hot beverages. The new facility was designed according to ecofriendly principles to dramatically reduce energy and water use.

• MGP, a leading U.S. supplier of premium distilled spirits and specialty wheat proteins and starches, has committed to sourcing 100% of its electricity needs from renewable wind power.

• Monsanto and Pairwise Plants, an agricultural start-up, have announced a collaboration to advance agriculture research and development by leveraging geneediting technology. Under the agreement, Pairwise will work in corn, soybeans, wheat, cotton, and canola crops exclusively with Monsanto.

• **Opertech Bio** announced the opening of its new taste evaluation facility in Philadelphia.

• Parker Products, a provider of inclusions and other specialty ingredients, held a grand opening ceremony for its new manufacturing facility in Fort Worth, Texas.

• Perdue Farms is investing more than \$15 million at its Milford, Del., facility on a higher-welfare controlled atmospheric stunning (CAS) system, plus a live-bird handling process that will be the first of its kind in the United States.

• SPINS, a provider of retail consumer insights, analytics, and consulting for the natural, organic, and specialty products industries, has acquired FoodFacts, a consumer awareness platform for transparency into nutrition data, ingredients, allergens, and sensitivities.

• Tate & Lyle has doubled the size of its food application laboratory in Shanghai, China, and added new customer-facing facilities to help manufacturers meet growing consumer demand for great-tasting, healthier food and beverages.

• tna has opened a state-ofthe-art manufacturing facility in the Netherlands, further reinforcing its position as a leading manufacturer of food processing equipment for the potato and vegetable processing industries.

• Unilever has announced a partnership with start-up company loniqa and Indorama Ventures, the largest global producer of PET resin, to pioneer a new technology that converts PET waste into virgin grade material for use in food packaging.

Fatty diet reprograms fat cells

Precursor fat cells can be damaged in as little as 24 hours when exposed to the fatty acid palmitate or the hormone TNF-alpha through a fatty diet, according to a study published in the *International Journal of Obesity*. As a result of exposure, the reprogrammed cells develop into dysfunctional fat cells later in life, an effect found in obese patients suffering from type 2 diabetes.

During the study, researchers collected fat tissue from 43 individuals undergoing planned operations. Of the patients, 15 were lean, 14 were obese, and 14 were obese and suffered from type 2 diabetes. The team learned that the cells from the obese patients suffering from type 2 diabetes had been reprogrammed and did not function like normal, healthy fat cells. When the researchers exposed healthy precursor fat cells to the two external factors for just 24 hours, they were able to mimic the reprogramming observed in cells from the diabetic patients.

"Our results stress the importance of a healthy diet and lifestyle for our metabolic health in the years to come," says lead author Romain Barrès. "To a large extent, a healthy diet and healthy lifestyle can help prevent the reprogramming of our precursor cells. In the long term, we hope our study may be at the origin of new strategies to reverse the abnormal programming of fat precursor cells, making them healthy and functional once again."

More than man's best friend?

og and human gut microbiomes have more similar genes and responses to diet than previously thought, according to a study published in *Microbiome*.

Luis Pedro Coelho and colleagues from the European Molecular Biology Laboratory, in collaboration with Nestlé Research, evaluated the gut microbiome of two dog breeds and found that the gene content of the dog microbiome was more



The microbiome of dogs may be more similar to that of humans than the microbiomes of mice or pigs, suggesting that data from dogs can be used to study the impact of diet on gut microbiotas. © Purestock/Thinkstock

similar to that of humans than the microbiomes of pigs or mice.

The researchers conducted a randomized, controlled trial using 64 dogs, with equal numbers being lean and overweight. The dogs were fed a base diet of commercially available dog food for four weeks and were then randomized into two groups. One group consumed a high-protein, low-carbohydrate diet and the other consumed a high-carbohydrate, low-protein diet for four weeks.

The researchers extracted DNA from 129 dog stool samples to create the dog gut microbiome gene catalogue containing 1,247,405 genes. The catalogue was compared to existing gut microbiome gene catalogues from humans, mice, and pigs.

The researchers found that changes in the amount of protein and carbohydrates in the diet had a similar effect on the microbiota of dogs and humans. The microbiomes of overweight dogs were more responsive to a high-protein diet compared with microbiomes of lean dogs, a finding consistent with the idea that healthy microbiomes are more resilient.

"These findings suggest that dogs could be a better model for nutrition studies than pigs or mice, and we could potentially use data from dogs to study the impact of diet on gut microbiota in humans, and humans could be a good model to study the nutrition of dogs," concluded Coelho.

Fermentation making a comeback

A atural preservation techniques like fermentation are gaining ground as consumers increasingly shift from processed foods to those with fewer chemical preservatives, according to GlobalData's *Global Consumer Survey 2017* findings.

"Growing consumer awareness about the link between 'gut health' and overall health and wellness is a major factor driving the renewed focus on fermented foods," says Bobby Verghese, consumer markets analyst at GlobalData. This awareness, coupled with the rising popularity of Eastern foods and beverages like kimchi, kombucha, and kefir, is bringing fermentation into the spotlight.

Another stimulus to fermented food and drinks is their appeal to youthful consumers, as evidenced by GlobalData's finding that 49% of Millennial and Gen Z consumers like to experiment with new and unusual food flavors.

Fermentation also offers a cost-efficient way to preserve food while prolonging the shelf-life of produce, upcycling food waste, and detoxifying raw materials. Consequently, fermentation holds the potential to make a substantial positive impact on global food wastage and food security. **FT**



Margaret Malochleb, Associate Editor • mmalochleb@ift.org