RE: IFT Statement on the Illinois Food Safety Act

Modeled after the recently passed California Food Safety Act, Illinois Senate Bill SB2637 (Illinois Food Safety Act) would amend the state’s Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act, banning products with brominated vegetable oil, potassium bromate, propylparaben and red dye No. 3. If passed into law, Illinois food companies would be faced with the challenge of determining the impact to their products, supply chains and businesses. The U.S. Food and Drug Administration has announced plans to revoke approval of brominated vegetable oil and is evaluating the safety of red dye No. 3. Contradicting patchwork policies between federal and state regulators undermines consumer trust and creates challenging interstate distribution.

Compliance with new legislation or regulation requirements is an expensive endeavor with costs stemming from a multitude of one-time and ongoing expenses. Examples include researching alternative ingredients, developing and testing alternative products, navigating higher ingredient costs, designing new labels, setting up new supply chains and more. If passed into law, compliance with the new requirements is achievable for Illinois food companies but will require focused collaboration across multiple technical and business roles. Some businesses may consider which products they produce in or distribute to Illinois, or they may opt to leave the market entirely depending on their individual business plans and priorities.

IFT believes food safety is paramount for a food system that consumers trust, and that science is critical for establishing evidence-based policies to ensure a global food system that is sustainable, safe, nutritious, and accessible to all. A state enacting food safety legislation that conflicts with FDA regulations reinforces the need for integrating modern science and technology into the global food supply and its governance. As time and resources are limited, complying with conflicting legislative and regulatory requirements diverts resources away from other critical food safety, nutrition, and sustainability priorities.